

Thesis propositions

Belonging to the thesis:

Endovascular Treatment for Acute Ischemic Stroke Towards Personalized Treatment in Clinical Practice

1. Endovascular treatment is effective and safe for patients with acute ischemic stroke caused by proximal anterior vessel occlusion irrespective of antiplatelet medication, prior intravenous alteplase treatment and blood pressure.
This thesis
2. Better individual endovascular treatment decisions will be made when multiple clinical and radiological baseline characteristics are considered simultaneously.
This thesis
3. We should aim at selecting endovascular treatment for individual patients instead of patients for endovascular treatment.
This thesis
4. In routine clinical practice, endovascular treatment is at least as safe and effective as in the 'experimental' trial setting.
This thesis
5. Functional outcome after endovascular treatment can be greatly improved by shortening onset to treatment times.
This thesis
6. The only thing that (currently) works for acute ischemic stroke is opening the occluded vessel.
Mayank Goyal (Meet the expert, Erasmus MC, 2017)
7. We cannot necessarily, perhaps very rarely, pass from the overall result of a clinical trial, to stating exactly what effect the treatment will have on a particular patient.
(Austin Bradford Hill, The clinical trial. N Engl J Med, 1952)
8. Simply stated: time is brain!
Camilo R. Gomez (Stroke Cerebrovascular Disease, 1993)
9. The good physician treats the disease; the great physician treats the patient who has the disease.
(William Osler)
10. In relation to face pain, trigeminal neuralgia is grossly overdiagnosed and myofascial temporomandibular disorder grossly underdiagnosed.
(Anonymous)
11. If they say "It's impossible", remember that' it's impossible for them, not for you.
Leonardo DiCaprio (Wolf of Wall Street)